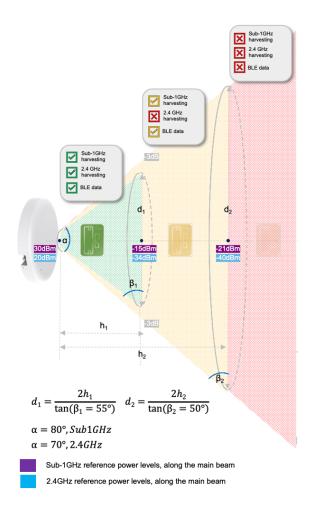
In Field Installation Guide

1 Definitions and General Recommendations

• Operating volume: the 3D space where the Wiliot® Pixel Tags can harvest energy from the PowerBridge and broadcast data back to it.

Operating Areas	h ₁ [m]	h ₂ [m]	d ₁ [m]	d ₂ [m]	TTFP[s] (1)	TBP[s] ⁽²⁾
Primary	5	-	7	-	≤45	≤25
Extended/Optional	5	10	7	16	>45	>25

- (1) TFFP: time to first packet; the time it takes for the Pixel to respond from the first exposure.
- (2) TBP: time between packets; the time it takes the Pixel to respond while exposed.
- Use the primary area for time critical applications, where low TTFP and TBP is required.
- Use the extended/optional area in non-time critical applications, where high TTFP and TBP is acceptable.

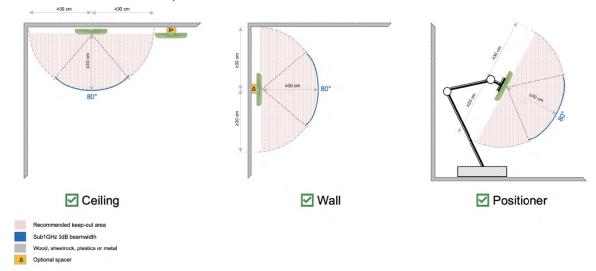


pg. 1 version 1.0



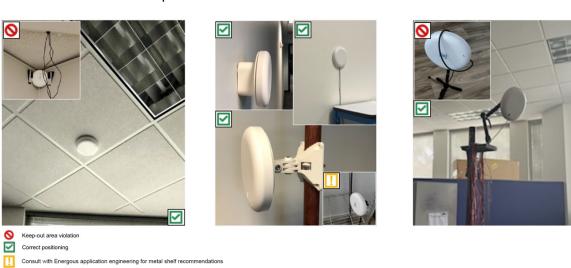
2 PowerBridge Positioning Options

Recommendations for best performance:



3 PowerBridge Positioning (Practical Examples)

Recommendations for best performance:

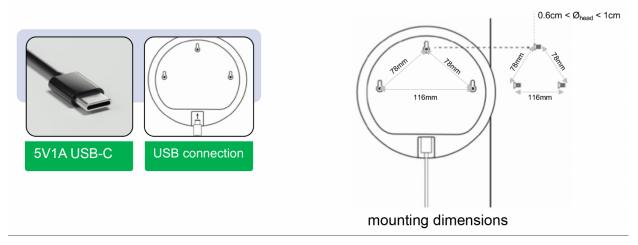


pg. 2 version 1.0



4 PowerBridge Powering and Mounting

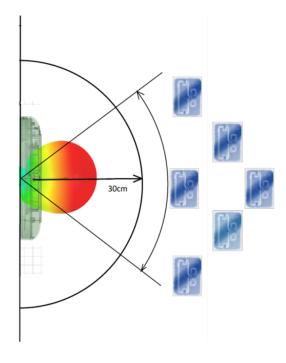
Connect the PowerBridge to the power source and mount in a fixed position. The transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm (in US) or 22 cm (in Canada) from all persons.



5 Pixel Tag Positioning

Recommendations for best performance:

- Place in the line of sight of the PowerBridge.
- Keep distance between Pixel Tag and PowerBridge within 10 meters.
- Place within the 3 dB beamwidth area of the transmitter, outside of the 30 cm recommended keep-out area.
- In some cases, the operating area may be subject to multi-path channel effects and power may vary at a given Pixel Tag location. To mitigate such effects, multiple transmitters may be required for full coverage.



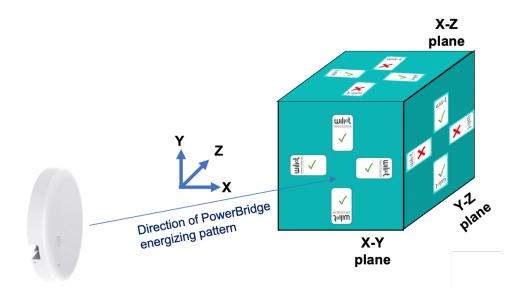
pg. 3 version 1.0



6 Pixel Tag Positioning (Practical Examples)

Recommendations for best performance:

- IoT Pixels are optimized for attachment to plastic and cardboard surfaces.
- A spacer may be required for best performance when mounted to metal, ceramic, glass, or wood surfaces.
- On the image shown below, tags are placed on a cardboard box in various orientations:
 - Tags placed on the surface facing the TX (x-y plane) can achieve good performance at any angle/orientation.
 - Tags placed on other surfaces marked with a green check will also achieve good performance.
 - Tag locations marked with a red X are sub-optimal due to antenna cross-polarization; tag performance in these locations/orientations may vary.



pg. 4 version 1.0



7 Logical System Setup

Follow the instructions described in the Wiliot Ecosystem Setup Guide for the logical system setup.

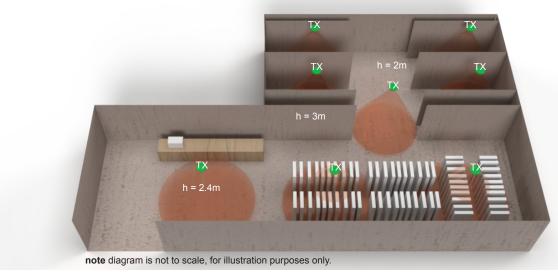




8 Real World Examples

8.1 Retail Store

Achieving the best RF coverage in different environments. The following example is using a ceiling mount based system.



Area: ~100m²

Use-case: asset tracking

Environment: fashion retail store **Positioning:** ceiling, facing down

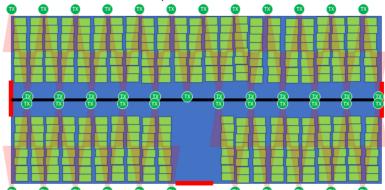
Estimate of devices needed: 8 PowerBridges

pg. 5 version 1.0



8.2 Industrial Warehouse

Achieving the best RF coverage in different environments. The following example is using a wall mount system. This is an example only. The number of devices depends on various factors.



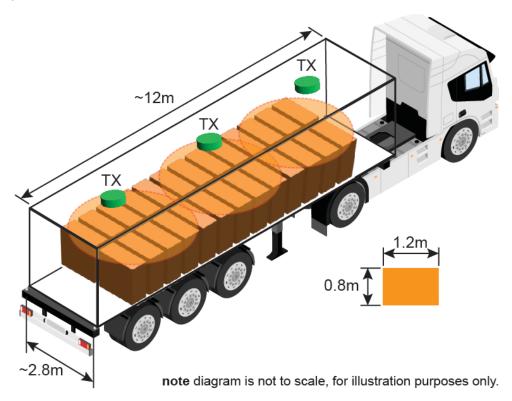
Area: ~800m²

Use-case: real time inventory **Environment:** warehouse

Positioning: wall and transversal beam, facing forward **Estimate of devices needed:** 46 PowerBridges

8.3 Trailer

Achieving the best RF coverage in different environments. The following example is using a ceiling mount system.



Area: ~34m2

Use-case: food-chain monitoring

Environment: trailer

Positioning: ceiling, facing down

Estimate of devices needed: 3 PowerBridges

pg. 6 version 1.0



9 Revision History

Version #	Date	Description of Changes
Version 1.0	05/16/23	- Initial release

pg. 7 version 1.0